

ACTIVE LEARNING TEMPLATE: *Basic Concept*

STUDENT NAME _____

CONCEPT Cirrhosis

REVIEW MODULE CHAPTER _____

Related Content

(E.G., DELEGATION,
LEVELS OF PREVENTION,
ADVANCE DIRECTIVES)

Definition: It is chronic liver damage from a variety of causes leading to scarring and liver failure

Prevention: Avoiding alcohol and smoking, antiviral medication should be used in case of presence of hepatitis

Types: Alcoholic cirrhosis, Hepatitis C-related Cirrhosis, Primary sclerosis cirrhosis and primary Biliary Cirrhosis

Underlying Principles

The patient first experiences fatigue, weakness and weight loss. Later, the patient develops jaundice, gastrointestinal bleeding and abdominal swelling

To lower the risks, transplant may be involved

Nursing Interventions

WHO? WHEN? WHY? HOW?

- Providing oxygen as required
- Positioning bed for maximal respiratory efficiency
- Initiating efforts of preventing respiratory, circulatory, and vascular disturbances
- Providing a nutritious guideline that entail diets of high-protein well supplemented with vitamin B-complex and folic acid
- Applying pressure to venipuncture sites to minimize bleeding